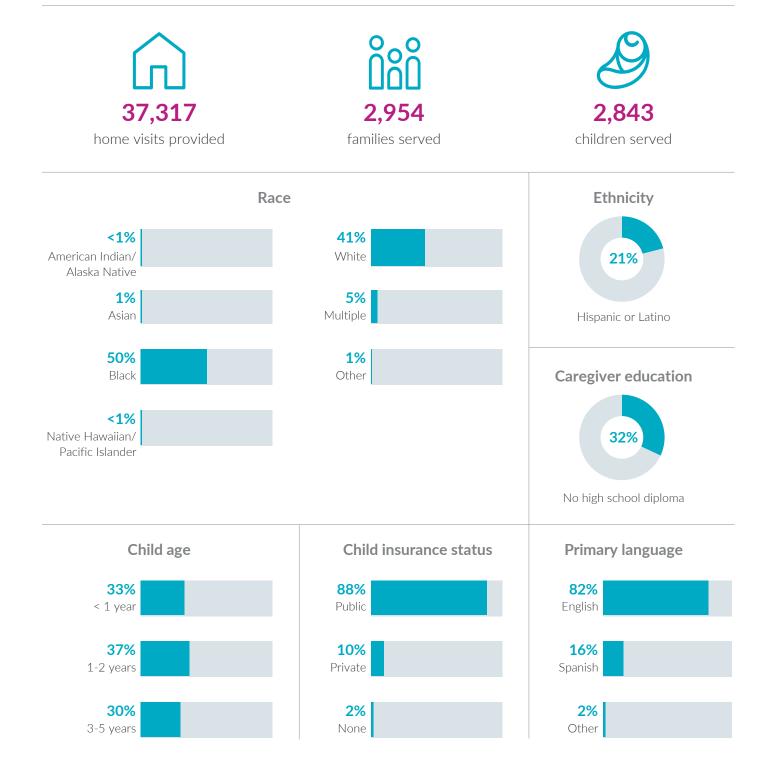
#### **NHVRC STATE PROFILES**

# Maryland

## Families Served Through Evidence-Based Home Visiting in 2017

Models implemented in Maryland included Attachment and Biobehavioral Catch-Up, Early Head Start Home-Based Option, Family Connects, Healthy Families America, Home Instruction for Parents of Preschool Youngsters, Nurse-Family Partnership, and Parents as Teachers. Statewide, 46 local agencies operated at least one of these models.



#### NHVRC STATE PROFILES

# Maryland

## Potential Beneficiaries in 2017

In Maryland, there were 337,700 pregnant women and families with children under 6 years old not yet in kindergarten who could benefit from home visiting. These families included 430,200 children.

# 430,200 children

could benefit from home visiting

## Of the 430,200 children who could benefit-

Infants	Toddlers	Preschoolers
< 1 year	1-2 years	3-5 years
68,500	143,200	218,500
16%	33%	51%

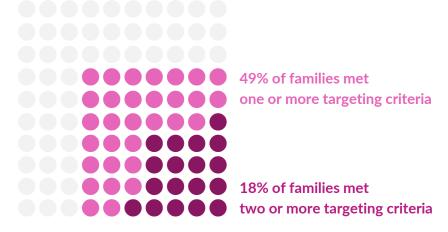
337,700 families

home visiting

Many home visiting services are geared toward particular subpopulations. The NHVRC estimated the percentage of families who could benefit in Maryland who met the following targeting criteria:



### Of the 337,700 families who could benefit—



Notes • Percentages may not add up to 100 due to rounding. • Public insurance includes Medicaid, CHIP, and TRICARE. • Low income is defined as family income below the federal poverty threshold. • Single mothers include single, never married mothers or pregnant women. • ABC reports children served, families served, and home visits only. • EHS data may be underreported. Data include EHS programs providing home-based services only, not programs providing both home-based and center-based services. EHS race, ethnicity, and primary language data include children and pregnant caregivers. EHS does not report home visits or families served. The number of children served was included as a proxy for families served. • Family Connects reports families served only. The number of families served was included as a proxy for children served. • HFA reports primary language of caregivers. • HIPPY public insurance also includes Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment. • NFP includes MIECHV and non-MIECHV data for children served, families served, and home visits. All other data reflect participants receiving NFP services through MIECHV funding only. • PAT reports race and ethnicity of children. PAT primary language data are not included.

The NHVRC is led by James Bell Associates in partnership with the Urban Institute. Support is provided by the Heising-Simons Foundation and the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation. The views expressed here do not necessarily reflect the views of the foundations. For details about the methodology, see the 2018 Home Visiting Yearbook.

