Florida

Families Served Through Evidence-Based Home Visiting in 2023

Models implemented in Florida included Child First, Early Head Start Home-Based Option, Family Check-Up, Healthy Families America, Home Instruction for Parents of Preschool Youngsters, Nurse-Family Partnership, and Parents as Teachers. Statewide, 97 local agencies operated at least one of these models.

198,061
home visits provided
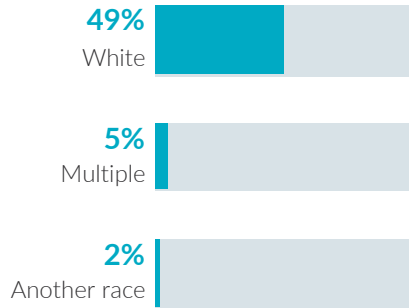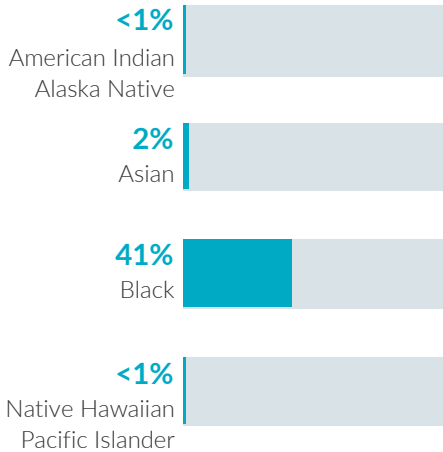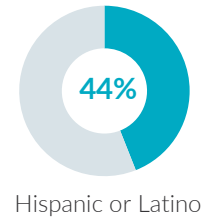*including 36,117 virtual visits*

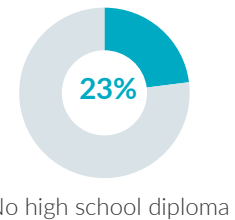**14,720**
families served

22,650
children served

Race

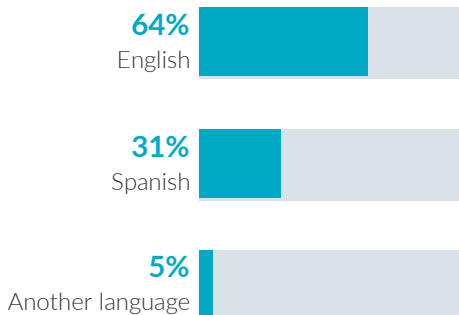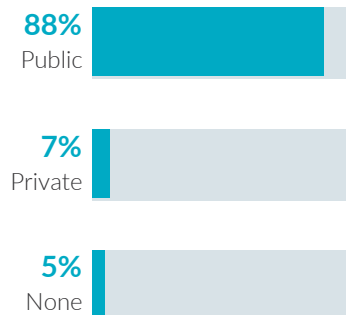|	
<1% American Indian Alaska Native	**49%** White
2% Asian	**5%** Multiple
41% Black	**2%** Another race
<1% Native Hawaiian Pacific Islander	

Ethnicity

44%
Hispanic or Latino

Caregiver education

23%
No high school diploma

Primary language

64% English

31% Spanish

5% Another language

Child insurance status

88% Public

7% Private

5% None

Child age

35% <1 year

38% 1-2 years

28% 3-5 years
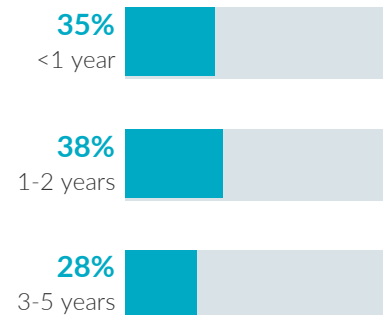
Florida

Potential Beneficiaries in 2023

In Florida, there were 966,100 pregnant women and families with children under 6 years old not yet in kindergarten who could benefit from home visiting. These families included 1,277,100 children.

1,277,100 children
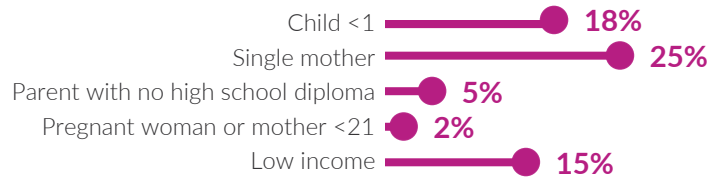
could benefit from home visiting

Of the 1,277,100 children who could benefit—

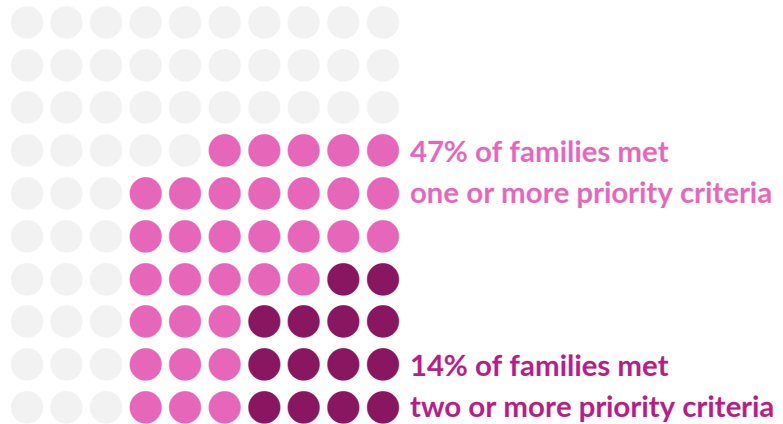| Infants <1 year	Toddlers 1-2 years	Preschoolers 3-5 years
201,100	436,500	639,500
16%	34%	50%

966,100 families

could benefit from home visiting

Many home visiting services are geared toward particular subpopulations. The NHVRC estimated the percentage of families who could benefit in Florida who met the following priority criteria:

Child <1 — 18%
Single mother — 25%
Parent with no high school diploma — 5%
Pregnant woman or mother <21 — 2%
Low income — 15%

Of the 966,100 families who could benefit—

47% of families met one or more priority criteria

14% of families met two or more priority criteria

NHVRC State Profiles present data provided by evidence-based models, which include both MIECHV and non-MIECHV data. This State Profile includes participant data from the following evidence-based models: Child First, EHS, HFA, HIPPY, NFP, and PAT. • Missing and unknown data were not included in calculations. • Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding. • Public insurance includes Medicaid, CHIP, and TRICARE. • Low income is defined as family income below the federal poverty threshold. • Single mothers include single, never married mothers or pregnant women. • EHS data may be underreported. Data include EHS programs that provided home-based services only. EHS did not report home visits. Data for child insurance status were not included. • HFA data for private insurance include other forms of health insurance. • PAT data for child insurance status and primary language were not included.

National Home Visiting
Resource Center
www.nhvrc.org